# 151114 Lyreco Permanent Marker C/Tip Blue

Lyreco Group (Lyreco France)

Chemwatch: **4854-65** Version No: **2.1.1.1** 

Safety Data Sheet (Conforms to Regulations (EC) No 453/2010)

Chemwatch Hazard Alert Code: 3

Issue Date: 06/04/2013 Print Date: 02/19/2015 Initial Date: Not Available S.REACH.GBR.EN

#### SECTION 1 IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE / MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY / UNDERTAKING

#### 1.1.Product Identifier

Product name	151114 Lyreco Permanent Marker C/Tip Blue	
Synonyms	151147 PK4 Lyreco Perm Marker C/Tip Asstd Col	
Proper shipping name	PAINT or PAINT RELATED MATERIAL	
Other means of identification	Not Available	
Index number	Not Applicable	

### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses	Permanent Marker. NOTE: Information on this SDS refers to ink used in pens and markers, however, it applies to these inks in bulk.	
Uses advised against	Not Applicable	

#### 1.3. Details of the manufacturer/importer

Registered company name	Lyreco Group (Lyreco France)		
Address	ue du 19 Mars 1962 Marly 59770 France		
Telephone	3 3 27 23 64 00 (9a.m-5p.m. CET.)		
Fax	Not Available		
Website	Not Available		
Email	Not Available		

# 1.4.Emergency telephone number

Association / Organisation	Not Available	
Emergency telephone numbers	+33 3 27 23 64 00 (9a.m-5p.m. CET.)	
Other emergency telephone numbers	Not Available	

# **SECTION 2 HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Considered a dangerous mixture according to Directive 1999/45/EC, Reg. (EC) No 1272/2008 (if applicable) and their amendments. Classified as Dangerous Goods for transport purposes.

#### CHEMWATCH HAZARD RATINGS

	Min	Max	
Flammability	2		
Toxicity	2		0 = Minimum
Body Contact	3		1 = Low 2 = Moderate
Reactivity	1		3 = High
Chronic	2		4 = Extreme

DSD classification	In case of mixtures, classification has been prepared by following DPD (Directive 1999/45/EC) and CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 regulations			
DPD classification <sup>[1]</sup>	R41 Risk of serious damage to eyes.  R67 Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.  R68(3) Possible risk of irreversible effects.  R10 Flammable.			
Legend:	1. Classified by Chemwatch; 2. Classification drawn from EC Directive 67/548/EEC - Annex I; 3. Classification drawn from EC Directive 1272/2008 - Annex VI			
Classification according to regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP] [1]	Flammable Liquid Category 2, Serious Eye Damage Category 1, Germ Cell Mutagen Category 2, STOT - SE (Narcosis) Category 3			
Legend:	1. Classified by Chemwatch; 2. Classification drawn from EC Directive 67/548/EEC - Annex I; 3. Classification drawn from EC Directive 1272/2008 - Annex VI			

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#### 2.2. Label elements

**CLP label elements** 









SIGNAL WORD

DANGER

### Hazard statement(s)

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour	
H318	Causes serious eye damage	
H341	Suspected of causing genetic defects	
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	

### Supplementary statement(s)

Not Applicable

### Precautionary statement(s) Prevention

P101	If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.	
P201	Obtain special instructions before use.	

### Precautionary statement(s) Response

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

### Precautionary statement(s) Storage

P403+P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

#### Precautionary statement(s) Disposal

P501 Dispose of contents/container to authorised chemical landfill or if organic to high temperature incineration

#### 2.3. Other hazards

Zioi Ottioi Huzurao			
	Inhalation, skin contact and/or ingestion may produce health damage*.		
	May produce discomfort of the respiratory system and skin*.		
	Limited evidence of a carcinogenic effect*.		
	Cumulative effects may result following exposure*.		
	Repeated exposure potentially causes skin dryness and cracking*.		
C.I. Solvent Blue 4	Listed in the European Chemicals Agency (ECHA) Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern for Authorisation		

# **SECTION 3 COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

#### 3.1.Substances

See 'Composition on ingredients' in Section 3.2

# 3.2.Mixtures

.CAS No .EC No .Index No .REACH No	%[weight]	Name	Classification according to directive 67/548/EEC [DSD]	Classification according to regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP]
1.71-23-8 2.200-746-9 3.603-003-00-0 4.01-2119486761-29-XXXX	>50	n-propanol	R11, R41, R67 <sup>[2]</sup>	Flam. Liq. 2, Eye Dam. 1, STOT SE 3; H225, H318, H336 <sup>[3]</sup>
1.298-07-7 2.206-056-4 3.Not Available 4.Not Available	<2.5	di(2-ethylhexyl) acid phosphate	R68(3), R63(3), R34, R21, R53, R41 <sup>[1]</sup>	Metal Corrosion Category 1, Acute Toxicity (Dermal) Category 4, Skin Corrosion/Irritation Category 1B, Serious Eye Damage Category 1, Germ Cell Mutagen Category 2, Reproductive Toxicity Category 2, Chronic Aquatic Hazard Category 4; H290, H312, H314, H318, H341, H361, H413 [1]
1.6786-83-0 2.229-851-8 3.Not Available 4.01-2119950688-22-XXXX	<2.5	C.I. Solvent Blue 4	Not Applicable	Not Applicable

Legend:

1. Classified by Chemwatch; 2. Classification drawn from EC Directive 67/548/EEC - Annex I; 3. Classification drawn from EC Directive 1272/2008 - Annex VI

### 4. Classification drawn from C&L

# **SECTION 4 FIRST AID MEASURES**

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 If swallowed do NOT induce vomiting If vomiting occurs, lean patient forward or place on left side (head-down position, if possible) to maintain open airway and prevent aspiration. Observe the patient carefully. Never give liquid to a person showing signs of being sleepy or with reduced awareness; i.e. becoming unconscious. ▶ Give water to rinse out mouth, then provide liquid slowly and as much as casualty can comfortably drink Seek medical advice. • If fumes or combustion products are inhaled remove from contaminated area. Lav patient down. Keep warm and rested. Prostheses such as false teeth, which may block airway, should be removed, where possible, prior to initiating first aid procedures, Apply artificial respiration if not breathing, preferably with a demand valve resuscitator, bag-valve mask device, or pocket mask as trained. Perform CPR if necessary Transport to hospital, or doctor. General If this product comes in contact with the eves: Immediately hold eyelids apart and flush the eye continuously with running water. ▶ Ensure complete irrigation of the eye by keeping eyelids apart and away from eye and moving the eyelids by occasionally lifting the upper and lower lids. ▶ Continue flushing until advised to stop by the Poisons Information Centre or a doctor, or for at least 15 minutes. Transport to hospital or doctor without delay. • Removal of contact lenses after an eye injury should only be undertaken by skilled personnel. If skin contact occurs: ▶ Immediately remove all contaminated clothing, including footwear. ▶ Flush skin and hair with running water (and soap if available). ▶ Seek medical attention in event of irritation. If this product comes in contact with the eyes: ▶ Immediately hold eyelids apart and flush the eye continuously with running water. **Eve Contact** ▶ Ensure complete irrigation of the eye by keeping eyelids apart and away from eye and moving the eyelids by occasionally lifting the upper and lower lids. Continue flushing until advised to stop by the Poisons Information Centre or a doctor, or for at least 15 minutes Transport to hospital or doctor without delay. ▶ Removal of contact lenses after an eye injury should only be undertaken by skilled personnel. If skin contact occurs: ▶ Immediately remove all contaminated clothing, including footwear. Skin Contact Flush skin and hair with running water (and soap if available). Seek medical attention in event of irritation. • If fumes or combustion products are inhaled remove from contaminated area. ▶ Lay patient down. Keep warm and rested. Prostheses such as false teeth, which may block airway, should be removed, where possible, prior to initiating first aid procedures. Inhalation Apply artificial respiration if not breathing, preferably with a demand valve resuscitator, bag-valve mask device, or pocket mask as trained. Perform CPR if necessary Transport to hospital, or doctor. ▶ If swallowed do **NOT** induce vomiting If vomiting occurs, lean patient forward or place on left side (head-down position, if possible) to maintain open airway and prevent aspiration. Observe the patient carefully. Ingestion Never give liquid to a person showing signs of being sleepy or with reduced awareness; i.e. becoming unconscious. Give water to rinse out mouth, then provide liquid slowly and as much as casualty can comfortably drink. Seek medical advice.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

See Section 11

# 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

To treat poisoning by the higher aliphatic alcohols (up to C7):

- ▶ Gastric lavage with copious amounts of water
- It may be beneficial to instill 60 ml of mineral oil into the stomach.
- Oxygen and artificial respiration as needed.
- Electrolyte balance: it may be useful to start 500 ml. M/6 sodium bicarbonate intravenously but maintain a cautious and conservative attitude toward electrolyte replacement unless shock or severe acidosis threatens.
- ► To protect the liver, maintain carbohydrate intake by intravenous infusions of glucose.
- ▶ Haemodialysis if coma is deep and persistent. [GOSSELIN, SMITH HODGE: Clinical Toxicology of Commercial Products, Ed 5)

### BASIC TREATMENT

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- Establish a patent airway with suction where necessary.
- lacktriangledown Watch for signs of respiratory insufficiency and assist ventilation as necessary.
- Administer oxygen by non-rebreather mask at 10 to 15 l/min.
- Monitor and treat, where necessary, for shock.
- Monitor and treat, where necessary, for pulmonary oedema.
- Anticipate and treat, where necessary, for seizures.
- DO NOT use emetics. Where ingestion is suspected rinse mouth and give up to 200 ml water (5 ml/kg recommended) for dilution where patient is able to swallow, has a strong gag reflex and does not drool.
- Give activated charcoal.

#### ADVANCED TREATMENT

Consider orotracheal or nasotracheal intubation for airway control in unconscious patient or where respiratory arrest has occurred.

- Positive-pressure ventilation using a bag-valve mask might be of use.
- Monitor and treat, where necessary, for arrhythmias
- ▶ Start an IV D5W TKO. If signs of hypovolaemia are present use lactated Ringers solution. Fluid overload might create complications.
- If the patient is hypoglycaemic (decreased or loss of consciousness, tachycardia, pallor, dilated pupils, diaphoresis and/or dextrose strip or glucometer readings below 50 mg), give 50% dextrose.
- ▶ Hypotension with signs of hypovolaemia requires the cautious administration of fluids. Fluid overload might create complications.
- Drug therapy should be considered for pulmonary oedema.
- Treat seizures with diazepam.
- Proparacaine hydrochloride should be used to assist eye irrigation.

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#### EMERGENCY DEPARTMENT

Laboratory analysis of complete blood count, serum electrolytes, BUN, creatinine, glucose, urinalysis, baseline for serum aminotransferases (ALT and AST), calcium, phosphorus and magnesium, may assist in establishing a treatment regime. Other useful analyses include anion and osmolar gaps, arterial blood gases (ABGs), chest radiographs and electrocardiograph.

- Positive end-expiratory pressure (PEEP)-assisted ventilation may be required for acute parenchymal injury or adult respiratory distress syndrome.
- Acidosis may respond to hyperventilation and bicarbonate therapy.
- Haemodialysis might be considered in patients with severe intoxication.
- ▶ Consult a toxicologist as necessary. BRONSTEIN, A.C. and CURRANCE, P.L. EMERGENCY CARE FOR HAZARDOUS MATERIALS EXPOSURE: 2nd Ed. 1994

For C8 alcohols and above.

Symptomatic and supportive therapy is advised in managing patients

### **SECTION 5 FIREFIGHTING MEASURES**

### 5.1. Extinguishing media

Alcohol stable foam.

### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substrate or mixture

Fire Incompatibility

Avoid contamination with oxidising agents i.e. nitrates, oxidising acids, chlorine bleaches, pool chlorine etc. as ignition may result

#### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

Fire Fighting
Fire/Explosion Hazard

Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard.

Liquid and vapour are flammable

#### **SECTION 6 ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

See section 8

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

See section 12

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Minor Spills
Major Spills

▶ Remove all ignition sources

▶ Clear area of personnel and move upwind.

#### •

Personal Protective Equipment advice is contained in Section 8 of the MSDS.

# **SECTION 7 HANDLING AND STORAGE**

### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

6.4. Reference to other sections

▶ DO NOT allow clothing wet with material to stay in contact with skin

Avoid all personal contact, including inhalation.

Fire and explosion protection

See section 5

Other information

Suitable container

Store in original containers in approved flammable liquid storage area

# 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage incompatibility

▶ Packing as supplied by manufacturer.

Alcohols

are incompatible with strong acids, acid chlorides, acid anhydrides, oxidising and reducing agents.

#### PACKAGE MATERIAL INCOMPATIBILITIES

Not Available

# 7.3. Specific end use(s)

See section 1.2

# **SECTION 8 EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION**

#### 8.1. Control parameters

DERIVED NO EFFECT LEVEL (DNEL)

Not Available

PREDICTED NO EFFECT LEVEL (PNEC)

Not Available

OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LIMITS (OEL)

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#### INGREDIENT DATA

Source	Ingredient	Material name	TWA	STEL	Peak	Notes
UK Workplace Exposure Limits (WELs)	n-propanol	Propan-1-ol	500 mg/m3 / 200 ppm	625 mg/m3 / 250 ppm	Not Available	Sk

#### **EMERGENCY LIMITS**

Ingredient	Material name	TEEL-1	TEEL-2	TEEL-3
n-propanol	Propyl alcohol, n-; (n-Propanol)	250 ppm	250 ppm	4000 ppm
di(2-ethylhexyl) acid phosphate	Bis(2-ethylhexyl) hydrogen phosphate	15 mg/m3	160 mg/m3	960 mg/m3
di(2-ethylhexyl) acid phosphate	Butyl bis(2-ethylhexyl)phosphate	0.6 ppm	0.75 ppm	0.75 ppm

Ingredient	Original IDLH	Revised IDLH
n-propanol	4,000 ppm	800 ppm
di(2-ethylhexyl) acid phosphate	Not Available	Not Available
C.I. Solvent Blue 4	Not Available	Not Available

# 8.2. Exposure controls

8.2. Exposure controls	
8.2.1. Appropriate engineering controls	Engineering controls are used to remove a hazard or place a barrier between the worker and the hazard.
8.2.2. Personal protection	
Eye and face protection	▶ Safety glasses with side shields.
Skin protection	See Hand protection below
Hands/feet protection	▶ Wear chemical protective gloves, e.g. PVC.
Body protection	See Other protection below
Other protection	▶ Overalls.
Thermal hazards	Not Available

#### Recommended material(s)

# GLOVE SELECTION INDEX

Glove selection is based on a modified presentation of the:

"Forsberg Clothing Performance Index".

The effect(s) of the following substance(s) are taken into account in the  $\ computer-$  generated selection:

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Material	СРІ
NEOPRENE	A
NEOPRENE/NATURAL	A
NITRILE	A
NITRILE+PVC	A
TEFLON	A
VITON	В
NATURAL RUBBER	С
NATURAL+NEOPRENE	С
PVC	С

<sup>\*</sup> CPI - Chemwatch Performance Index

A: Best Selection

B: Satisfactory; may degrade after 4 hours continuous immersion

C: Poor to Dangerous Choice for other than short term immersion

 $\mbox{NOTE}:$  As a series of factors will influence the actual performance of the glove, a final selection must be based on detailed observation. -

\* Where the glove is to be used on a short term, casual or infrequent basis, factors such as "feel" or convenience (e.g. disposability), may dictate a choice of gloves which might otherwise be unsuitable following long-term or frequent use. A qualified practitioner should be consulted.

### 8.2.3. Environmental exposure controls

See section 12

# **SECTION 9 PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

# 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Blue flammable liquid with a characteristic odour; does not mix with water.

#### Respiratory protection

Type AB-P Filter of sufficient capacity.

Where the concentration of gas/particulates in the breathing zone, approaches or exceeds the "Exposure Standard" (or ES), respiratory protection is required.

Degree of protection varies with both face-piece and Class of filter; the nature of protection varies with Type of filter.

Required Minimum Protection Factor	Half-Face Respirator	Full-Face Respirator	Powered Air Respirator
up to 10 x ES	Air-line*	AB-2 P2	AB-PAPR-2 P2 ^
up to 20 x ES	-	AB-3 P2	-
20+ x ES	-	Air-line**	-

<sup>\* -</sup> Continuous-flow; \*\* - Continuous-flow or positive pressure demand

^ - Full-face

A(All classes) = Organic vapours, B AUS or B1 = Acid gasses, B2 = Acid gas or hydrogen cyanide(HCN), B3 = Acid gas or hydrogen cyanide(HCN), E = Sulfur dioxide(SO2), G = Agricultural chemicals, K = Ammonia(NH3), Hg = Mercury, NO = Oxides of nitrogen, MB = Methyl bromide, AX = Low boiling point organic compounds(below 65 degC)

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Physical state	Liquid	Relative density (Water = 1)	0.84
Odour	Not Available	Partition coefficient n-octanol / water	Not Available
Odour threshold	Not Available	Auto-ignition temperature (°C)	360
pH (as supplied)	Not Available	Decomposition temperature	Not Available
Melting point / freezing point (°C)	Not Available	Viscosity (cSt)	4
Initial boiling point and boiling range (°C)	96	Molecular weight (g/mol)	Not Applicable
Flash point (°C)	21	Taste	Not Available
Evaporation rate	Not Available	Explosive properties	Not Available
Flammability	HIGHLY FLAMMABLE.	Oxidising properties	Not Available
Upper Explosive Limit (%)	13.5	Surface Tension (dyn/cm or mN/m)	Not Available
Lower Explosive Limit (%)	2.1	Volatile Component (%vol)	Not Available
Vapour pressure (kPa)	1.9 @ 20C	Gas group	Not Available
Solubility in water (g/L)	Immiscible	pH as a solution(1%)	Not Available
Vapour density (Air = 1)	Not Available	VOC g/L	Not Available

### 9.2. Other information

Not Available

# **SECTION 10 STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

10.1.Reactivity	See section 7.2
10.2.Chemical stability	▶ Unstable in the presence of incompatible materials.
10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions	See section 7.2
10.4. Conditions to avoid	See section 7.2
10.5. Incompatible materials	See section 7.2
10.6. Hazardous decomposition products	See section 5.3

# **SECTION 11 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

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N-PROPANOL	The material may produce severe irritation to the eye causing pronounced inflammation.		
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Acute Toxicity	0	Carcinogenicity	0
Skin Irritation/Corrosion	0	Reproductivity	0
Serious Eye Damage/Irritation	<b>✓</b>	STOT - Single Exposure	<b>~</b>
Respiratory or Skin sensitisation	0	STOT - Repeated Exposure	0
Mutagenicity	✓	Aspiration Hazard	0
Legend: — Data required to make classification available			

Data Not Available to make classification

# **CMR STATUS**

Not Applicable

# **SECTION 12 ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

### 12.1. Toxicity

DO NOT discharge into sewer or waterways.

# 12.2. Persistence and degradability

Ingredient	Persistence: Water/Soil	Persistence: Air
n-propanol	LOW	LOW
di(2-ethylhexyl) acid phosphate	HIGH	HIGH

# 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Ingredient	Bioaccumulation
n-propanol	LOW (LogKOW = 0.25)
di(2-ethylhexyl) acid phosphate	LOW (BCF = 6)

# 12.4. Mobility in soil

•	
Ingredient	Mobility
n-propanol	HIGH (KOC = 1.325)
di(2-ethylhexyl) acid phosphate	LOW (KOC = 17160)

# 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

	Р	В	Т
Relevant available data	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
PBT and vPvB Criteria fulfilled?	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available

# 12.6. Other adverse effects

No data available

# **SECTION 13 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Product / Packaging disposal	▶ Recycle wherever possible or consult manufacturer for recycling options.
Waste treatment options	Not Available
Sewage disposal options	Not Available

# **SECTION 14 TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

# Labels Required



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Marine Pollutant	NO			
HAZCHEM	•3Y			
	-			
Land transport (ADR)				
14.1. UN number	1263			
14.2. Packing group				
14.3. UN proper shipping name	PAINT or PAINT RELATED MATERIAL			
14.4. Environmental hazard	No relevant data			
14.5. Transport hazard	Class 3			
class(es)	Subrisk Not Applicable			
14.6. Special precautions for	Special provisions 163 640E 650			
user	Limited quantity 5 L			
Air transport (ICAO-IATA / E	OGR)			
14.1. UN number	1263			
14.2. Packing group				
14.3. UN proper shipping		olish, liquid filler and liquid lacquer base); Paint related material (including paint thinning or		
name	reducing compounds)	3.		
14.4. Environmental hazard	No relevant data			
	ICAO/IATA Class 3			
14.5. Transport hazard class(es)	ICAO / IATA Subrisk Not Applicable			
,	ERG Code 3L			
	Special provisions	A3 A72 A192		
	Cargo Only Packing Instructions	366		
	Cargo Only Maximum Qty / Pack	220 L		
14.6. Special precautions for user	Passenger and Cargo Packing Instructions	355		
4001	Passenger and Cargo Maximum Qty / Pack	60 L		
	Passenger and Cargo Limited Quantity Packing Instructions	Y344		
	Passenger and Cargo Limited Maximum Qty / Pack	10 L		
Sea transport (IMDG-Code	/ GGVSee)			
14.1. UN number	1263			
14.2. Packing group	III			
14.2. Packing group 14.3. UN proper shipping		polish, liquid filler and liquid lacquer base) or PAINT RELATED MATERIAL (including paint		
14.2. Packing group 14.3. UN proper shipping name		polish, liquid filler and liquid lacquer base) or PAINT RELATED MATERIAL (including paint		
14.3. UN proper shipping	PAINT (including paint, lacquer, enamel, stain, shellac, varnish,	polish, liquid filler and liquid lacquer base) or PAINT RELATED MATERIAL (including paint		
14.3. UN proper shipping name 14.4. Environmental hazard	PAINT (including paint, lacquer, enamel, stain, shellac, varnish, thinning or reducing compound)	polish, liquid filler and liquid lacquer base) or PAINT RELATED MATERIAL (including paint		
14.3. UN proper shipping name	PAINT (including paint, lacquer, enamel, stain, shellac, varnish, thinning or reducing compound)  Not Applicable	polish, liquid filler and liquid lacquer base) or PAINT RELATED MATERIAL (including paint		
14.3. UN proper shipping name 14.4. Environmental hazard 14.5. Transport hazard class(es)	PAINT (including paint, lacquer, enamel, stain, shellac, varnish, thinning or reducing compound)  Not Applicable  IMDG Class 3	polish, liquid filler and liquid lacquer base) or PAINT RELATED MATERIAL (including paint		
14.3. UN proper shipping name 14.4. Environmental hazard 14.5. Transport hazard class(es)	PAINT (including paint, lacquer, enamel, stain, shellac, varnish, thinning or reducing compound)  Not Applicable  IMDG Class 3  IMDG Subrisk Not Applicable	polish, liquid filler and liquid lacquer base) or PAINT RELATED MATERIAL (including paint		
14.3. UN proper shipping name 14.4. Environmental hazard 14.5. Transport hazard class(es)	PAINT (including paint, lacquer, enamel, stain, shellac, varnish, thinning or reducing compound)  Not Applicable  IMDG Class 3  IMDG Subrisk Not Applicable  EMS Number F-E , S-E	polish, liquid filler and liquid lacquer base) or PAINT RELATED MATERIAL (including paint		
14.3. UN proper shipping name 14.4. Environmental hazard 14.5. Transport hazard class(es)  14.6. Special precautions for user	PAINT (including paint, lacquer, enamel, stain, shellac, varnish, thinning or reducing compound)  Not Applicable  IMDG Class 3  IMDG Subrisk Not Applicable  EMS Number F-E, S-E  Special provisions 163 223 955  Limited Quantities 5 L	polish, liquid filler and liquid lacquer base) or PAINT RELATED MATERIAL (including paint		
14.3. UN proper shipping name 14.4. Environmental hazard 14.5. Transport hazard class(es)	PAINT (including paint, lacquer, enamel, stain, shellac, varnish, thinning or reducing compound)  Not Applicable  IMDG Class 3  IMDG Subrisk Not Applicable  EMS Number F-E, S-E  Special provisions 163 223 955  Limited Quantities 5 L	polish, liquid filler and liquid lacquer base) or PAINT RELATED MATERIAL (including paint		
14.3. UN proper shipping name 14.4. Environmental hazard 14.5. Transport hazard class(es)  14.6. Special precautions for user Inland waterways transpor	PAINT (including paint, lacquer, enamel, stain, shellac, varnish, thinning or reducing compound)  Not Applicable  IMDG Class 3 IMDG Subrisk Not Applicable  EMS Number F-E, S-E Special provisions 163 223 955 Limited Quantities 5 L  t (ADN)	polish, liquid filler and liquid lacquer base) or PAINT RELATED MATERIAL (including paint		
14.3. UN proper shipping name  14.4. Environmental hazard  14.5. Transport hazard class(es)  14.6. Special precautions for user  Inland waterways transpor  14.1. UN number  14.2. Packing group  14.3. UN proper shipping	PAINT (including paint, lacquer, enamel, stain, shellac, varnish, thinning or reducing compound)  Not Applicable  IMDG Class 3  IMDG Subrisk Not Applicable  EMS Number F-E, S-E  Special provisions 163 223 955  Limited Quantities 5 L	polish, liquid filler and liquid lacquer base) or PAINT RELATED MATERIAL (including paint		
14.3. UN proper shipping name  14.4. Environmental hazard  14.5. Transport hazard class(es)  14.6. Special precautions for user  Inland waterways transpor  14.1. UN number  14.2. Packing group  14.3. UN proper shipping name	PAINT (including paint, lacquer, enamel, stain, shellac, varnish, thinning or reducing compound)  Not Applicable  IMDG Class 3  IMDG Subrisk Not Applicable  EMS Number F-E, S-E  Special provisions 163 223 955  Limited Quantities 5 L  t (ADN)  1263  III  PAINT or PAINT RELATED MATERIAL	polish, liquid filler and liquid lacquer base) or PAINT RELATED MATERIAL (including paint		
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### 151114 Lyreco Permanent Marker C/Tip Blue

Issue Date: **06/04/2013**Print Date: **02/19/2015** 

Source	Ingredient	Pollution Category
IMO MARPOL 73/78 (Annex II) - List of Noxious Liquid Substances Carried in Bulk	n-propanol	Υ
IMO MARPOL 73/78 (Annex II) - List of Noxious Liquid Substances Carried in Bulk	di(2-ethylhexyl) acid phosphate	Υ

### **SECTION 15 REGULATORY INFORMATION**

### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations / legislation specific for the substance or mixture

n-propanol(71-23-8) is found on the following regulatory lists	"European Customs Inventory of Chemical Substances ECICS (English)", "European Union - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS) (English)", "UK Workplace Exposure Limits (WELs)", "EU REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 - Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles", "European Union (EU) Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on Classification, Labelling and Packaging of Substances and Mixtures - Annex VI", "European Union (EU) Annex I to Directive 67/548/EEC on Classification and Labelling of Dangerous Substances - updated by ATP: 31"
di(2-ethylhexyl) acid phosphate(298-07-7) is found on the following regulatory lists	"European Customs Inventory of Chemical Substances ECICS (English)", "European Union - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS) (English)"
C.I. Solvent Blue 4(6786-83-0) is found on the following regulatory lists	"EU REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 - Proposals to identify Substances of Very High Concern: Annex XV reports for commenting by Interested Parties", "European Union - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS) (English)", "Europe European Chemicals Agency (ECHA) Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern for Authorisation"

This safety data sheet is in compliance with the following EU legislation and its adaptations - as far as applicable - : 67/548/EEC, 1999/45/EC, 98/24/EC, 92/85/EC, 94/33/EC, 91/689/EEC, 1999/13/EC, Regulation (EU) No 453/2010, Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and their amendments as well as the following British legislation: - The Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations (COSHH) 2002 - COSHH Essentials - The Management of Health and Safety at Work Regulations 1999

#### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

For further information please look at the Chemical Safety Assessment and Exposure Scenarios prepared by your Supply Chain if available.

#### **ECHA SUMMARY**

Ingredient	CAS number	Index No	ECHA Dossier
n-propanol	71-23-8	603-003-00-0	01-2119486761-29-XXXX

Harmonisation (C&L Inventory)	Hazard Class and Category Code(s)	Pictograms Signal Word Code(s)	Hazard Statement Code(s)
1	Flam. Liq. 2, Eye Dam. 1, STOT SE 3	GHS02, GHS05, Dgr	H225, H318, H336
2	Flam. Liq. 2, Eye Dam. 1, STOT SE 3, Acute Tox. 4	GHS02, GHS05, Dgr, GHS08	H225, H318, H336, H302

 $Harmonisation \ \ Code\ 1 = The\ most\ prevalent\ classification.\ Harmonisation\ \ Code\ 2 = The\ most\ severe\ classification.$ 

Ingredient	CAS number	Index No	ECHA Dossier
di(2-ethylhexyl) acid phosphate	298-07-7	Not Available	Not Available

Harmonisation (C&L Inventory)	Hazard Class and Category Code(s)	Pictograms Signal Word Code(s)	Hazard Statement Code(s)
1	Acute Tox. 4, Skin Corr. 1C, Eye Dam. 1	GHS05, Dgr	H302, H312, H314, H318
2	Acute Tox. 4, Skin Corr. 1C, Eye Dam. 1, Skin Corr. 1B, Aquatic Chronic 3, STOT SE 3, Skin Corr. 1A, Met. Corr. 1	GHS05, Dgr, Wng	H302, H312, H314, H318, H332, H412, H335, H290

 $Harmonisation \ \ Code\ 1 = The\ most\ prevalent\ classification.\ Harmonisation\ \ Code\ 2 = The\ most\ severe\ classification.$ 

Ingredient	CAS number	Index No	ECHA Dossier
C.I. Solvent Blue 4	6786-83-0	Not Available	01-2119950688-22-XXXX

Harmonisation (C&L Inventory)	Hazard Class and Category Code(s)	Pictograms Signal Word Code(s)	Hazard Statement Code(s)
1	Acute Tox. 4	GHS07, Wng	H302, H332
2	Acute Tox. 4, Muta. 2, Carc. 1B, Aquatic Chronic 1, Flam. Liq. 2, Skin Sens. 1, Aquatic Acute 1, Acute Tox. 3, Skin Irrit. 2, Eye Irrit. 2, STOT SE 3, Carc. 1A, Skin Sens. 1B	Wng, GHS08, Dgr, GHS09, GHS02, GHS06	H332, H341, H350, H410, H225, H317, H301, H315, H319, H335

Harmonisation Code 1 = The most prevalent classification. Harmonisation Code 2 = The most severe classification.

### **SECTION 16 OTHER INFORMATION**

#### Full text Risk and Hazard codes

H290	May be corrosive to metals
H301	Toxic if swallowed
H302	Harmful if swallowed
H312	Harmful in contact with skin

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### 151114 Lyreco Permanent Marker C/Tip Blue

H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
H315	Causes skin irritation
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction
H319	Causes serious eye irritation
H332	Harmful if inhaled
H335	May cause respiratory irritation
H350	May cause cancer
H361	Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects
H413	May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life
R11	Highly flammable.
R21	Harmful in contact with skin.
R34	Causes burns.
R53	May cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.
R63(3)	Possible risk of harm to the unborn child.

#### Other information

### **DSD / DPD label elements**



Relevant risk statements are found in section 2.1

Indication(s) of danger	Xn	
SAFETY ADVICE		
S02	Keep out of reach of children.	
S13	Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs.	
S23	Do not breathe gas/fumes/vapour/spray.	
S25	Avoid contact with eyes.	
S26	In case of contact with eyes, rinse with plenty of water and contact Doctor or Poisons Information Centre.	
S36	Wear suitable protective clothing.	
<b>S</b> 37	Wear suitable gloves.	
S39	Wear eye/face protection.	
S40	To clean the floor and all objects contaminated by this material, use water and detergent.	
S46	If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label.	
S56	Dispose of this material and its container at hazardous or special waste collection point.	
S64	If swallowed, rinse mouth with water (only if the person is conscious).	

Classification of the preparation and its individual components has drawn on official and authoritative sources as well as independent review by the Chemwatch Classification committee using available literature references.

A list of reference resources used to assist the committee may be found at: www.chemwatch.net/references

The (M)SDS is a Hazard Communication tool and should be used to assist in the Risk Assessment. Many factors determine whether the reported Hazards are Risks in the workplace or other settings. Risks may be determined by reference to Exposures Scenarios. Scale of use, frequency of use and current or available engineering controls must be considered.

For detailed advice on Personal Protective Equipment, refer to the following EU CEN Standards:

EN 166 Personal eye-protection

EN 340 Protective clothing

EN 374 Protective gloves against chemicals and micro-organisms

EN 13832 Footwear protecting against chemicals

EN 133 Respiratory protective devices

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