

SAFETY DATA SHEET

70% Isopropyl Alcohol Wipe

This Safety Data Sheet contains information concerning the potential risks to those involved in handling, transporting, and working with the material, as well as describing potential risks to the consumer and the environment. This information must be made available to those who may come into contact with the material or are responsible for the use of the material. This Safety Data Sheet is prepared in accordance with formatting described in the REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, and described in CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier 70% Isopropyl Alcohol Wipe

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against Surface cleaning

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet Medisanitize

B5 Buckshaw Link, Buckshaw Village, Chorley. PR7 7EL UK Tel: +44(0)772 34771 Email: info@medisantize.co.uk

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Tel. 01772 34771

SECTION 2: Hazards Identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification in accordance with the Dangerous Preparations Directive 1999/45/EC

F; R11 Highly Flammable Xi; R36 Irritating to eyes

R67 Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

Classification in accordance with the Classification Labelling and Packaging Regulation EC (no) 1272/2008

Flam. Liq. 2 H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour
Eye Irrit. 2 H319	Causes serious eye irritation
STOT SE 3 H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness

2.2 Label elements

Labelling in accordance with the Classification Labelling and Packaging Regulation EC (no) 1272/2008





Danger

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour

H319 Causes serious eye irritation

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness

P261 Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

P304 + P340 IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P337 + P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

Labelling in accordance with the Dangerous Preparations Directive 1999/45/EC



Highly Flammable; Irritant

- R11 Highly Flammable
- R36 Irritating to eyes
- R67 Vapours may cause drowsinessand dizziness.
- S2 Keep out of the reach of children.
- S16 Keep away from sources of ignition Nosmoking.
- S26 In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice.

2.3 Other hazards

In confined spaces, vapours may build up to form flammable vapour/air mixtures.

SECTION 3: Composition

3.1 Substances

Not applicable - product is a mixture

3.2 Mixtures

Isopropanol impregnated onto a paper tissue

Name	CAS or EC No,	Concentration	Classification
Propan-2-ol (Isopropanol)	CAS 67-63-0 EC 200-661-7 Reg. No. 01-2119457558-25-0000		F; R11 Xi; R36 R67 <i>in accordance with DSD 67/548/EEC</i> Flam. Liq. 2 H225 Eye Irrit. 2 H319 STOT SE 3 H336 <i>In accordance with CLP 1272/2008</i>

See section 16 for full description of R phrases and H statements.

SECTION 4: First Aid Measures	



4.1 Description of first aid measures

EYE CONTACT: Wash thoroughly with water for several minutes and obtain medical attention if signs of discomfort.

INHALATION: Remove from exposure. If breathing becomes difficult call a doctor.

INGESTION: If swallowed, rinse mouth with water.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

EYE CONTACT: If liquid from the wipe gets into the eye it may cause redness, stinging, watering of the eye. INHALATION: Symptoms unlikely from use of small numbers of wipes, but inhalation of large amounts may cause headaches, dizziness, unconsciousness.

INGESTION: Ingestion of the liquid may cause irritation to the mouth and throat, and symptoms similar to inhalation.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatments needed

Symptomatic treatment as required

SECTION 5: Firefighting Measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Water spray, alcohol resistant foam, dry powder and carbon dioxide extinguishers are suitable.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

No special hazards.

5.3 Advice for fire fighters

Fire fighters should wear protective clothing and breathing apparatus as appropriate.

SECTION 6: Accidental Release Measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Exclude unnecessary personnel. Open doors and windows to ensure good ventilation. Eliminate ignition sources.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Prevent entry into sewers and watercourses.

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and clearing up

Collect wipes and place in a sealable container for disposal.

6.4 References to other sections

See section 8 and 13 for further advice.

SECTION 7: Handling and Storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Ensure adequate ventilation. Keep away from sources of ignition.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in its original labelled container in a cool, well ventilated area, away from heat, sparks and other sources of ignition. Keep out of reach of children and animals.

7.3 Specific end uses(s)

No special precautions.

SECTION 8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

8.1 Control parameters



EXPOSURE LIMITS

Substance	8-hour exposure limit	15-minute exposure limit	Source, Type
Isopropanol	400 ppm (999 mg/m ³)	500 ppm (1250 mg/m ³)	EH40 2011

DNELS

	DNELS	
	Worker	General Population
	Chronic effects	Chronic effects
Human oral		26 mg/kg
Human dermal	888 mg/kg/day	319 mg/kg
Human inhalation	500 mg/m ³	89 mg/m ³

PNECS

PNEC aqua (freshwater):	140.9 mg/l
PNEC aqua (marine water):	140.9 mg/l
PNEC sediment):	552 mg/kg
PNEC soil:	28 mg/kg

8.2 Exposure controls

Engineering controls

Normal room ventilation is expected to be adequate. If large numbers of wipes are being used in an enclosed space, then additional local exhaust ventilation may be required.

Respiratory protection

Not normally required

Hand Protection

If large numbers of wipes or prolonged contact is expected, then suitable gloves may be required. Butyl rubber, nitrile rubber, Viton (Fluor elastomer) may be suitable, but glove manufacturers recommendations should always be checked.

Eye protection

If large numbers of wipes are being used, then safety glasses or goggles may be appropriate.

Environmental Exposure Controls

Not normally required.

SECTION 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

9.1 Information on basic	physical and chemical properties
Appearance:	Clear liquid absorbed onto toweling
Odour:	Alcoholic odour
Odour threshold:	Approximately 22 ppm (propan-2-ol)
pH:	Approximately neutral
Melting point:	-89°C (propan-2-ol)
Boiling point:	82°C at 1013 hPa (propan-2-ol)
Flashpoint:	Approx. 18 - 20°C (70% propan-2-ol)
Evaporation rate:	1.7 (n-Butyl Acetate=1) (propan-2-ol)



Flammability: Flammable Upper/lower flammability limits: 2-12% (propan-2-ol) Vapour pressure: 42 hPa at 20°C (propan-2-ol) Vapour density: 2.07 (Air=1) (propan-2-ol) **Relative density:** 0.7855 g/cm³ at 20°C (propan-2-ol) Solubility in water: Completely miscible Solubility in other solvents: Miscible with diethyl ether and ethanol Partition coefficient (log Kow): 0.05 at 25°C (propan-2-ol) Autoignition temperature: > 399°C (propan-2-ol) Decomposition temperature: No decomposition when used under normal conditions 2.5 mPas at 20°C (propan-2-ol) Viscosity: Not classified as explosive **Explosive properties: Oxidising properties:** Not classified as oxidising

9.2 Other information

None

SECTION 10: Stability and Reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

Not considered to be reactive.

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

None expected.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Avoid exposure to high and freezing temperatures.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Avoid contact with strong oxidisers.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

None known.

SECTION 11: Toxicological Information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

This product has not been tested. Judgements on the expected toxicity of this product have been made based upon consideration of its major components.

(a) acute toxicity	Not expected to present an acute toxicity hazard	
	LD50 (oral, rat) >2000 mg/kg (propan-2-ol)	
	LD50 (dermal, rabbit) >2000 mg/kg (propan-2-ol)	
(b) skin corrosion/irritation	Not expected to be irritating to skin. Prolonged and frequent exposure may dry	
	the skin.	
	Rabbit, dermal: not irritating (propan-2-ol)	
(c) serious eye damage/irritation If liquid from the wipe gets into the eye it may cause irritation		
	Rabbit, eye: irritating (propan-2-ol)	
(d) respiratory/skin sensitiza	tion Not expected to be sensitising	
	Guinea pig, Buehler test: Not sensitising (propan-2-ol)	
(e) germ cell mutagenicity	Not expected to be mutagenic	
	Ames test, Salmonella typhimurium (with and without metabolic activation: not	
	mutagenic (propan-2-ol)	
(f) carcinogenicity	Not expected to be carcinogenic	
	Rat (inhalation, 2 years): NOEL 5000 ppm	



(g) reproductive toxicity	Not expected to be reprotoxic. Animal studies for propan-2-ol gaveno indication of a developmental toxic effect at doses that were not toxic to the parent animals
(h) STOT-single exposure(i) STOT-repeated exposure(j) aspiration hazard	Inhalation of vapours may cause drowsiness anddizziness NOAEL 5000 ppm propan-2-ol Not expected to present an aspiration hazard.

SECTION 12: Ecological Information

12.1 Toxicity

Not expected to be toxic to the environment Toxicity to fish: LC50: > 100 mg/l, 48 h, Leuciscus idus melanotus, static Toxicity to invertabrates: EC50: > 100 mg/l, 48 h, Daphnia magna, static Toxicity to algae : EC50: > 100 mg/l, 72 h, Scenedesmus subspicatus, static

12.2 Persistence and degradability Propan-2-ol is readily biodegradable. The tissue component is expected to biodegrade in the environment.

12.3 **Bioaccumulative potential** Propan-2-ol is readily metabolised and is not expected to bioaccumulate.

12.4 Mobility in soil Propan-2-ol will quickly evaporate and is expected to partition into the air compartment.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Propan-2-ol is not considered to be PBT or vpvB.

12.6 Other adverse effects None known

SECTION 13: Disposal Considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Wastes should be disposed of in accordance with local regulations Unused product may be disposed of by incineration. For used product, consideration should be given to any contaminants before deciding on the disposal method.

SECTION 14: Transport Information

This product contains does not need to be transported as dangerous goods, in accordance with UN 3175 Special Provision 216 (ADR/RID/IMDG) and Special Provision A46 (IATA).

SECTION 15: Regulatory Information

Safety, health, and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture 15.1 All components are listed as existing substances in Europe

15.2 **Chemical Safety Assessment**

A Chemical Safety Assessment has not been carried out for this product. A Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for the main component, propan-2-ol.

SECTION 16: Other Information

Revision information:

SDS reviewed - no significant changes

List of Abbreviations used in this SDS:

Chemical Abstracts Service CAS



CLP Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation (EC) no 1272/2008

DSD Dangerous Substances Directive 67/548/EEC

DPD Dangerous PreparationsDirective 1999/45/EC

EC European Community/Commission

PBT Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic

REACH Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals Regulation (EC) no 1907/2006 vPvB very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative

References:

CLP Regulation 1272/2008 ECHA Chem database of registered substances Suppliers SDS

Method used for classification of mixtures:

Ingredient based approaches

R Phrases and **H** Statements used in Section 3

- R11 Highly flammable.
- R36 Irritating to eyes.
- R67 Vapours may cause drowsinessand dizziness.
- H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour
- H319 Causes serious eye irritation
- H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness

Training requirements for workers

No special training requirements.