

**SECTION1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking)****1.1 Product Identifier**

Product name : ALCOHOL HAND SANITIZER SPRAY

CAS No : 64-17-5

**1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against**

Use of the substance/mixture : For cleaning and disinfection.

**1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet**

E85 Co.,Ltd.

78 M.4 Tha Tum Subdistrict Si Maha Phot District Prachinburi 25140

Telephone 037-208800 , 3738

Fax: 037-208856 , 3739

**1.4 Emergency telephone number**

Emergency number 085-835-4944 ,085-835-5191

**SECTION 2: Hazards identification****2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture**

GHS-US classification

Flam. Liq. 3 H226

Skin Irrit. 2 H315

Eye Irrit. 2A H319

Repr. 2 H361

STOT SE 3 H336

STOT SE 1 H370

Full text of H statements : see section 16

**2.2 Label elements**

GHS-US labeling

Hazard pictograms (GHS-US)



Signal word (GHS-US) : Danger

Hazard statements (GHS-US):

H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor



H319 - Causes serious eye irritation

Precautionary statements (GHS-US):

- P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, open flames, sparks. - No smoking.
- P233 - Keep container tightly closed.
- P240 - Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.
- P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical, lighting, ventilating equipment
- P242 - Use only non-sparking tools.
- P243 - Take precautionary measures against static discharge.
- P280 - Wear eye protection, face protection, protective clothing, protective gloves.
- P303+P361+P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.
- P370+P378 - In case of fire: Use carbon dioxide (CO2), powder, alcohol-resistant foam to extinguish
- P403+P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
- P235 - Keep cool.

2.3 Other hazards

other hazards not contributing to the classification: None.

SECTION 3: Composition/Information on ingredients

3.1 Mixtures

Name	Product identifier	%	GHS-US classification
Ethyl Alcohol	(CAS-No.) 64-17-5	75	Flam. Liq. 3, H226

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures general : Check the vital functions. Unconscious: maintain adequate airway and respiration. Respiratory arrest: artificial respiration or oxygen. Cardiac arrest: perform resuscitation. Victim conscious with labored breathing: half-seated. Victim in shock: on his back with legs slightly raised. Vomiting: prevent asphyxia/aspiration pneumonia. Prevent cooling by covering the victim (no warming up). Keep watching the victim. Give



psychological aid. Keep the victim calm, avoid physical strain.

Depending on the victim's condition: doctor/hospital. Never give alcohol to drink.

First-aid measures after inhalation : Remove the victim into fresh air. Respiratory problems: consult a doctor/medical service.

First-aid measures after skin contact: Rinse with water. Take victim to a doctor if irritation persists.

First-aid measures after eye contact: Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Do not apply neutralizing agents. Take victim to an ophthalmologist if irritation persists.

First-aid measures after ingestion: Rinse mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting. Call Poison Information Centre ([www.big.be/antigif.htm](http://www.big.be/antigif.htm)). Consult a doc

#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

The most important symptoms and effects are described in sections 2.2 and 11.

#### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No additional information available

### SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

#### 5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Water spray. Alcohol-resistant foam. BC powder.  
Carbon dioxide.

Unsuitable extinguishing media : Solid water jet ineffective as extinguishing medium.

#### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

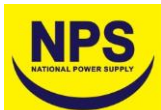
Fire hazard : DIRECT FIRE HAZARD. Highly flammable. Gas/vapor flammable with air within explosion limits. INDIRECT FIRE HAZARD. May be ignited by sparks. Gas/vapor spreads at floor level: ignition hazard. Reactions involving a fire hazard: see "Reactivity Hazard".

Explosion hazard : DIRECT EXPLOSION HAZARD. Gas/vapour explosive with air within explosion limits. INDIRECT EXPLOSION HAZARD. may be ignited by sparks. Reactions with explosion hazards: see "Reactivity Hazard".

Reactivity : Upon combustion: CO and CO<sub>2</sub> are formed. Reacts violently with many compounds e.g.: with (strong) oxidizers: (increased) risk of fire/explosion. Violent to explosive reaction with (some) acids.

#### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

Firefighting instructions: Cool tanks/drums with water spray/remove them into safety. Do not move the load if exposed to heat.



Protection during firefighting: Heat/fire exposure: compressed air/oxygen apparatus.

## SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Protective equipment : Gloves. Protective goggles. Protective clothing. Large spills/in enclosed spaces: compressed air apparatus. See "Material-Handling" to select protective clothing.

Emergency procedures : Keep upwind. Mark the danger area. Consider evacuation. Seal off low-lying areas. Close doors and windows of adjacent premises. Stop engines and no smoking. No naked flames or sparks. Spark- and explosion-proof appliances and lighting equipment. Keep containers closed. Wash contaminated clothes.

### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Prevent spreading in sewers.

### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

For containment : Contain released substance, pump into suitable containers. Consult "Material-handling" to select material of containers. Plug the leak, cut off the supply. Dam up the liquid spill. Try to reduce evaporation. Measure the concentration of the explosive gas-air mixture. Dilute/disperse combustible gas/vapor with water curtain. Provide equipment/receptacles with earthing. Do not use compressed air for pumping over spills.

Methods for cleaning up : Take up liquid spill into a non-combustible material e.g.: sand, earth, vermiculite or kieselguhr, powdered limestone. Scoop absorbed substance into closing containers. See "Material handling" for suitable container materials. Carefully collect the spill/leftovers. Damaged/cooled tanks must be emptied. Do not use compressed air for pumping over spills. Clean contaminated surfaces with an excess of water. Take collected spill to manufacturer/competent authority. Wash clothing and equipment after handling.

### 6.4. Reference to other sections

For waste disposal see Section 13.

## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for safe handling: Comply with the legal requirements. Remove contaminated clothing immediately. Clean contaminated clothing. Handle uncleaned empty containers as full ones. Thoroughly clean/dry the installation before use. Do not discharge the waste into the drain. Do not use compressed air for pumping over. Use spark-explosion proof appliances and lighting system. Take precautions against



electrostatic charges. Keep away from naked flames/heat. Keep away from ignition sources/sparks. Observe normal hygiene standards. Keep container tightly closed. Measure the concentration in the air regularly. Work under local exhaust/ventilation.

Hygiene measures : Wash exposed skin thoroughly after handling.

**7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities**

Technical measures : Proper grounding procedures to avoid static electricity should be followed. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment.

Storage conditions : Keep container tightly closed. Keep only in the original container in a cool, well ventilated place away from : incompatible materials. Keep in fireproof place.

Incompatible products : Strong bases. Strong acids.

Incompatible materials : Sources of ignition. Direct sunlight. Heat sources.

Heat-ignition : KEEP SUBSTANCE AWAY FROM: heat sources. ignition sources.

Prohibitions on mixed storage : KEEP SUBSTANCE AWAY FROM: oxidizing agents. strong acids. water/moisture.

Storage area : Keep out of direct sunlight. Store in a dry area. Ventilation at floor level. Fireproof storeroom. Provide for an automatic sprinkler system. Provide for a tub to collect spills. Provide the tank with earthing. Meet the legal requirements.

Special rules on packaging : SPECIAL REQUIREMENTS: closing. dry. clean. correctly labelled. meet the legal requirements. Secure fragile packagings in solid containers.

Packaging materials : SUITABLE MATERIAL: stainless steel. aluminium. iron. copper. nickel. synthetic material. glass. MATERIAL TO AVOID: No data available.

**7.3. Specific end use(s)**

No additional information available



**SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

**8.1. Control parameters**

Ethanol (64-17-5)		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH STEL (ppm)	1000 ppm (Ethanol; USA; Short time value; TLV -Adopted Value)
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	1900 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	1000 ppm

**8.2. Exposure controls**

Appropriate engineering controls : Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure. Provide local exhaust or general room ventilation.

Personal protective equipment : Safety glasses. Gloves. Protective clothing. High gas/vapor concentration: gas mask with filter type A.

Materials for protective clothing : GIVE EXCELLENT RESISTANCE: butyl rubber. viton. GIVE GOOD RESISTANCE: neoprene. tetrafluoroethylene. GIVE LESS RESISTANCE: nitrile rubber. polyethylene. GIVE POOR RESISTANCE: natural rubber. PVA. PVC.

Hand protection : Gloves.

Eye protection : Safety glasses.

Skin and body protection : Protective clothing.

Respiratory protection : Wear gas mask with filter type A if conc. in air > exposure limit.

Other information : Do not eat, drink or smoke during use.

**SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

**9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties**

Physical state : Liquid

Appearance : Liquid.

Molecular mass : 46.07 g/mol

Color : Colorless.

Odor : Alcohol odor. Pleasant odor.

Odor threshold : 100 ppm ,188 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

pH : No data available

Relative evaporation rate (butyl acetate=1) : 2.4



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Relative evaporation rate (ether=1) :	8.3
Melting point	: -115 °C
Freezing point	: No data available
Boiling point	: 78 °C
Flash point	: 25 °C
Critical temperature	: 243 °C
Auto-ignition temperature	: 425 °C
Decomposition temperature	: No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	: No data available
Vapor pressure	: 59 hPa (20 °C)
Vapor pressure at 50 °C	: 300 hPa (50 °C)
Critical pressure	: 63840 hPa
Relative vapor density at 20 °C	: 1.6
Relative density	: 0.79
Relative density of saturated gas/air mixture	: 1.04
Specific gravity / density	: 0.881 g/l
Solubility	: Soluble in water. Soluble in ether. Soluble in acetone. Soluble in chloroform. Soluble in oils/fats. Soluble in methanol. Soluble in acids. Water: Complete Ethanol: Not applicable Ether: Complete Acetone: Complete
Log Pow	: -0.31 (Experimental value)
Log Kow	: No data available
Viscosity, kinematic	: No data available
Viscosity, dynamic	: 0.0012 Pa.s (20 °C)
Explosive properties	: No data available
Oxidizing properties	: No data available
Explosion limits	: 3.3 - 19.0 vol % ,67 - 290 g/m <sup>3</sup>

### SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

#### 10.1. Reactivity

Upon combustion: CO and CO<sub>2</sub> are formed. Reacts violently with many compounds e.g.: with (strong) oxidizers: (increased) risk of fire/explosion. Violent to explosive reaction with (some) acids.

#### 10.2. Chemical stability



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Stable under normal conditions under proper storage

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Not established.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Direct sunlight. Extremely high or low temperatures. Open flame.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong acids. Strong bases.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

fume. Carbon monoxide. Carbon dioxide. May release flammable gases.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Ethanol (64-17-5)	
LD50 oral rat	10740 mg/kg (Rat; Experimental value,Rat; Experimental value)
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 16000 mg/kg (Rabbit; Literature study)

Reproductive toxicity : Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Specific target organ toxicity – single exposure : May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Causes damage to organs (central nervous system, optic nerve) (oral, Dermal)

Specific target organ toxicity – repeated exposure : Not classified Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Aspiration hazard : Not classified Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Potential Adverse human health effects and symptoms : Harmful if swallowed. Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Symptoms/effects after inhalation : EXPOSURE TO HIGH CONCENTRATIONS: Dry/sore throat. Coughing. Irritation of the respiratory tract. Irritation of the nasal mucous membranes. Respiratory difficulties. Central nervous system depression. Symptoms similar to those listed under ingestion.

Symptoms/effects after skin contact : Slight irritation.

Symptoms/effects after eye contact : Redness of the eye tissue. Lacrimation. ON CONTINUOUS EXPOSURE/CONTACT: Irritation of the eye tissue.

Symptoms/effects after ingestion : AFTER ABSORPTION OF LARGE QUANTITIES: Risk of aspiration





pneumonia. Red skin. Body temperature rise. Damp/clammy skin. Excited/restless. Accelerated heart action. Central nervous system depression. Dizziness. Narcosis. Headache. Drunkenness. Nausea. Vomiting. Disturbed motor response. Coordination disorders. Visual disturbances. Impaired concentration. Delusions. Disturbed sensation of pain. Disturbances of heart rate. Disturbances of consciousness. Tremor. Cramps/uncontrolled muscular contractions. Dilated pupils.

Chronic symptoms

: ON CONTINUOUS/REPEATED EXPOSURE/CONTACT: Dry skin. Gastrointestinal complaints. Enlargement/affection of the liver. Change in the aerogramme/blood composition. Cardiac and blood circulation effects. High arterial pressure. Impairment of the nervous system. Behavioral disturbances. Mental confusion. Disturbed tactile sensibility. Tremor. Affection of the bone marrow. Affection of the endocrine system. Weakening of the immune system.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

<b>Ethanol (64-17-5)</b>	
LC50 fish	14200 mg/l (LC50; US EPA; 96 h; Pimephales promelas; Flow-through system; Fresh water;

12.2. Persistence and degradability

<b>Ethanol (64-17-5)</b>	
Persistence and degradability	Readily biodegradable in water. Biodegradable in the soil.
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)	0.8 - 0.967 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	1.7 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance
ThOD	2.1 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance
BOD (% of ThOD)	0.43



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### 12.3. Bio accumulative potential

<b>Ethanol (64-17-5)</b>	
BCF fish	BCF fish 1 1 (BCF; Other; 72 h; Cyprinus carpio; Static system; Fresh water; Read-across)
Log Pow	-0.31 (Experimental value)
Bio accumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4).

### 12.4. Mobility in soil

<b>Ethanol (64-17-5)</b>	
Surface tension	0.022 N/m (20 °C) Log
Log Koc	Koc Koc,PCKOCWIN v1.66; 1; Read-across

### 12.5. Other adverse effects

other information: Avoid release to the environment.

## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste disposal recommendations: Remove waste in accordance with local and/or national regulations.

Hazardous waste shall not be mixed together with other waste.

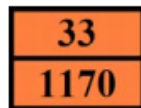
Different types of hazardous waste shall not be mixed together if this may entail a risk of pollution or create problems for the further management of the waste. Hazardous waste shall be managed responsibly. All entities that store, transport or handle hazardous waste shall take the necessary measures to prevent risks of pollution or damage to people or animals. Recycle by distillation. Remove to an authorized waste incinerator for solvents with energy recovery. Do not discharge into surface water. May be discharged to wastewater treatment installation.

Additional information : LWCA (the Netherlands): KGA category 03. Hazardous waste according to Directive 2008/98/EC.

Ecology - waste materials : Avoid release to the environment.

**SECTION 14: Transport information****Additional information****ADR**

Transport document description : UN 1170 , Ethanol Denatured 3,3, II, (D/E)  
Packing group (ADR) : II  
Class (ADR) : 3 - Flammable liquid  
Hazard identification number (Kemler No.) : 33  
Classification code (ADR) : F1  
Hazard labels (ADR) : 3 - Flammable liquids



Orange plates :

Tunnel restriction code : D/E

**Transport by sea**

UN-No. (IMDG) : 1170  
Proper Shipping Name (IMDG) : Ethanol Denatured.  
Class (IMDG) : 3 - Flammable liquids  
Packing group (IMDG) : III - substances presenting low danger  
EmS-No. (1) : F-E  
EmS-No. (2) : S-D

**Air transport**

UN-No. (IATA) : 1170  
Proper Shipping Name (IATA) : Ethanol Denatured  
Class (IATA) : 3 - Flammable Liquids  
Packing group (IATA) : III - Minor Danger

**SECTION 15: Regulatory information****15.1. US Federal regulations**

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory



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**15.2. International regulations**

WHMIS Classification Class B Division 3 - Combustible Liquid

Class D Division 2 Subdivision A - Very toxic material causing other toxic effects

**15.3. US State regulations**

U.S. - California - Proposition 65 – Developmental Toxicity

**SECTION 16: Other information**

Indication of changes : Revision - See : \*.

Other information : None.

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16:

H226	Flammable liquid and vapor
H302	Toxic if swallowed
H315	Causes skin irritation
H319	Causes serious eye irritation
H335	May cause respiratory irritation